organic compounds

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2-[(5,7-Dibromoguinolin-8-yl)oxy]-N-(2methoxyphenyl)acetamide

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 293 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.004 Å; R factor = 0.044; wR factor = 0.093; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.4.

In the title compound, C₁₈H₁₄Br₂N₂O₃, an intramolecular N-H...N hydrogen bond forms an eight-membered ring. The dihedral angle between the planes of the quinoline system and the benzene ring is $41.69 (1)^\circ$. The crystal packing is stabilized by intermolecular $C-H\cdots O$ hydrogen bonds and short Br···O interactions [3.0079 (19) Å].

Related literature

The structure of N,N-dicyclohexyl-2-(5,7-dibromoquinolin-8yloxy)acetamide has been reported by Liu et al. (2007). For bond-length data, see: Allen et al. (1987). For applications of 8-hydroxyquinoline and its derivatives, see: Bratzel et al. (1972). Some 8-hydroxyquinoline derivatives and their transition metal complexes exhibit antibacterial activity, see: Patel & Patel (1999).



Experimental

Crystal data C18H14Br2N2O3 $M_r = 466.13$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$ a = 8.7570 (18) Å

b = 8.7279 (17) Å	
c = 22.372 (5) Å	
$\beta = 98.04 \ (3)^{\circ}$	
V = 1693.1 (6) Å ³	
Z = 4	

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector	12864 measured reflections
diffractometer	4027 independent reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan	3316 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)	$R_{\rm int} = 0.057$
$T_{\min} = 0.761, \ T_{\max} = 0.910$	

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$ wR(F²) = 0.093 S = 1.064027 reflections 231 parameters 1 restraint

Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$\overline{\begin{array}{c} N2 - H2A \cdots N1 \\ C18 - H18C \cdots O2^{i} \end{array}}$	0.90 (1)	2.24 (1)	3.065 (3)	153 (1)
	0.96	2.53	3.342 (3)	142

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 4.81 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

 $0.06 \times 0.02 \times 0.02 \text{ mm}$

H atoms treated by a mixture of

refinement $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.83$ e Å⁻³

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.71 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

independent and constrained

T = 293 K

Symmetry code: (i) x, y - 1, z.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2001); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2001); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HG2753).

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2-[(5,7-Dibromoquinolin-8-yl)oxy]-N-(2-methoxyphenyl)acetamide

Yong-Hong Wen, Hong-Qing Qin and Hui-Ling Wen

S1. Comment

8-Hydroxyquinoline and its derivatives have found extensive application as analytical reagents, *e.g.* in absorption spectrophotometry, fluorimetry, solvent extraction and partition chromatography (Bratzel *et al.*, 1972). Some 8-hydroxy-quinoline derivatives and their complexes with transition metals demonstrate antibacterial activity (Patel & Patel,1999). Recently, the structure of 5,7-dibromosubstituted 8-hydroxyquinolinate amide-type compound, namely *N*,*N*-dicyclo-hexyl-2-(5,7-dibromoquinolin-8-yloxy)acetamide, (II), has been reported (Liu *et al.*, 2007). Here, we have synthesized and carried out the structure determination of the title compound, (I), (Fig. 1).

All bond lengths in (I) are within normal ranges (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and comparable with those in the related compound (II). The sum of the angles around atoms N2 and C11 are 359.9° and 360.0°, respectively, implying a planar configuration. There is one intramolecular hydrogen bond, *viz*. N2—H2…N1 (Table 1), forming one larger eight-membered ring. The dihedral angle between the planes of the quinoline system and the benzene ring is 41.69 (1)°. The crystal packing is stabilized by intermolecular C18—H18C…O2 hydrogen bond (Table 1) and Br…O short-contact interactions.

S2. Experimental

To a solution of 5,7-dibromo-8-hydroxyquinoline (3.02 g, 10 mmol) in acetone (60 ml) were added 2-chloro-*N*-(4-meth-oxyphenyl)acetamide (2.0 g,10 mmol), K_2CO_3 (1.52 g, 11 mmol) and KI (0.5 g), and the resulting mixture was stirred at 333 K for 5 h. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was washed three times with water and filtered. Colourless single crystals of (I) suitable for X-ray diffraction study were obtained by slow evaporation of an acetone solution over a period of 6 d.

S3. Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically, with C—H = 0.95–0.99 Å, respectively, and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2 U_{eq}(C)$. The amide proton was refined freely, giving a N—H bond distance of 0.898 (9) Å.



Figure 1

The molecular structure of (I), with atom labels and 30% probability displacement ellipsoids.



Figure 2

The packing diagram of (I), viewed down the c axis, showing the intermolecular hydrogen bonds (dashed lines).

2-[(5,7-Dibromoquinolin-8-yl)oxy]-N-(2-methoxyphenyl)acetamide

Crystal data

C₁₈H₁₄Br₂N₂O₃ $M_r = 466.13$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$ Hall symbol: -P 2yn a = 8.7570 (18) Å b = 8.7279 (17) Å c = 22.372 (5) Å $\beta = 98.04 (3)^{\circ}$ $V = 1693.1 (6) \text{ Å}^3$ Z = 4

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector	12864 measured reflections
diffractometer	4027 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	3316 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Graphite monochromator	$R_{\rm int} = 0.057$
phi and ω scans	$\theta_{\rm max} = 27.9^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\rm min} = 1.8^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$h = -11 \rightarrow 11$
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)	$k = -11 \rightarrow 8$
$T_{\min} = 0.761, \ T_{\max} = 0.910$	$l = -29 \longrightarrow 28$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.093$	neighbouring sites
S = 1.06	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
4027 reflections	and constrained refinement
231 parameters	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0337P)^2 + 1.4595P]$
1 restraint	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.005$
direct methods	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.83 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.71 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

F(000) = 920

 $\theta = 1.8 - 27.9^{\circ}$

 $\mu = 4.81 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 293 K

 $D_{\rm x} = 1.829 {\rm Mg} {\rm m}^{-3}$

Column. colourless

 $0.06 \times 0.02 \times 0.02$ mm

Mo *K* α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 4165 reflections

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes. **Refinement**. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\mathring{A}^2)

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
Br1	0.77254 (3)	0.41089 (3)	1.064695 (11)	0.01979 (6)
Br2	0.16180 (3)	0.18905 (3)	1.014627 (12)	0.02468 (7)
01	0.81081 (18)	0.22709 (18)	0.94999 (7)	0.0173 (4)

O2	1.0293 (2)	0.39129 (19)	0.84558 (8)	0.0241 (4)
O3	0.8399 (2)	-0.13107 (19)	0.82222 (8)	0.0262 (5)
N2	0.9123 (2)	0.1556 (2)	0.84366 (9)	0.0171 (5)
N1	0.5971 (2)	0.0662 (2)	0.87776 (9)	0.0190 (5)
C1	0.6236 (3)	0.2953 (3)	1.01398 (11)	0.0171 (5)
C2	0.4727 (3)	0.2851 (3)	1.02927 (11)	0.0180 (5)
H2	0.4474	0.3365	1.0630	0.022*
C3	0.3646 (3)	0.1998 (3)	0.99438 (11)	0.0189 (6)
C4	0.3988 (3)	0.1219 (3)	0.94234 (11)	0.0168 (5)
C5	0.2943 (3)	0.0290 (3)	0.90434 (11)	0.0203 (6)
Н5	0.1941	0.0150	0.9127	0.024*
C6	0.3416 (3)	-0.0401 (3)	0.85523 (12)	0.0222 (6)
H6	0.2736	-0.1005	0.8297	0.027*
C7	0.4956 (3)	-0.0190 (3)	0.84358 (11)	0.0185 (6)
H7	0.5262	-0.0676	0.8102	0.022*
C8	0.5505 (3)	0.1348 (3)	0.92702 (11)	0.0167 (5)
C9	0.6633 (3)	0.2237 (3)	0.96423 (10)	0.0144 (5)
C10	0.8431 (3)	0.3518 (3)	0.91172 (11)	0.0199 (6)
H10A	0.8976	0.4317	0.9362	0.024*
H10B	0.7467	0.3946	0.8920	0.024*
C11	0.9396 (3)	0.3002 (3)	0.86413 (11)	0.0167 (5)
C12	0.9771 (3)	0.0828 (3)	0.79679 (11)	0.0171 (6)
C13	1.0774 (3)	0.1524 (3)	0.76220 (11)	0.0219 (6)
H13	1.1071	0.2536	0.7697	0.026*
C14	1.1340 (3)	0.0712 (3)	0.71627 (12)	0.0267 (7)
H14	1.2012	0.1188	0.6934	0.032*
C15	1.0912 (3)	-0.0787 (3)	0.70449 (12)	0.0270 (7)
H15	1.1279	-0.1317	0.6733	0.032*
C16	0.9923 (3)	-0.1508 (3)	0.73961 (12)	0.0244 (6)
H16	0.9645	-0.2526	0.7322	0.029*
C17	0.9358 (3)	-0.0713 (3)	0.78527 (11)	0.0194 (6)
C18	0.8150 (3)	-0.2923 (3)	0.82018 (13)	0.0284 (7)
H18A	0.7705	-0.3216	0.7801	0.043*
H18B	0.7460	-0.3198	0.8482	0.043*
H18C	0.9116	-0.3443	0.8308	0.043*
H2A	0.8405 (13)	0.106 (2)	0.8612 (8)	0.032 (8)*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Br1	0.02090 (11)	0.02052 (12)	0.01835 (12)	-0.00516 (10)	0.00418 (10)	-0.00258 (10)
Br2	0.01560 (11)	0.02843 (13)	0.03130 (14)	-0.00014 (10)	0.00784 (10)	0.00388 (11)
01	0.0136 (7)	0.0182 (8)	0.0208 (8)	-0.0006 (7)	0.0048 (7)	0.0022 (7)
02	0.0284 (9)	0.0165 (8)	0.0304 (10)	-0.0091 (7)	0.0149 (8)	-0.0046 (7)
03	0.0305 (9)	0.0132 (8)	0.0377 (10)	-0.0036 (7)	0.0139 (8)	-0.0035 (8)
N2	0.0194 (9)	0.0132 (9)	0.0200 (10)	0.0007 (8)	0.0076 (8)	0.0011 (8)
N1	0.0197 (10)	0.0200 (10)	0.0168 (10)	0.0022 (8)	0.0012 (9)	0.0018 (8)
C1	0.0177 (11)	0.0161 (11)	0.0175 (12)	0.0000 (9)	0.0019 (9)	0.0037 (9)

C2	0.0178 (11)	0.0173 (11)	0.0209 (12)	0.0003 (9)	0.0096 (10)	0.0026 (10)
C3	0.0159 (11)	0.0180 (11)	0.0232 (12)	0.0030 (9)	0.0044 (10)	0.0098 (10)
C4	0.0151 (10)	0.0173 (11)	0.0172 (12)	0.0031 (9)	-0.0006 (9)	0.0085 (10)
C5	0.0160 (11)	0.0179 (11)	0.0261 (13)	-0.0019 (10)	0.0000 (10)	0.0044 (10)
C6	0.0220 (12)	0.0176 (12)	0.0250 (13)	-0.0035 (10)	-0.0038 (11)	0.0029 (10)
C7	0.0252 (12)	0.0149 (11)	0.0143 (11)	-0.0027 (10)	-0.0008 (10)	-0.0010 (10)
C8	0.0202 (11)	0.0138 (10)	0.0161 (11)	0.0007 (9)	0.0025 (10)	0.0048 (9)
C9	0.0117 (10)	0.0141 (11)	0.0175 (11)	0.0006 (9)	0.0030 (9)	0.0035 (9)
C10	0.0242 (12)	0.0127 (11)	0.0247 (12)	-0.0028 (10)	0.0099 (10)	-0.0012 (10)
C11	0.0152 (10)	0.0158 (11)	0.0191 (12)	0.0012 (9)	0.0024 (9)	0.0012 (10)
C12	0.0200 (11)	0.0160 (11)	0.0138 (11)	0.0025 (9)	-0.0023 (10)	0.0001 (9)
C13	0.0245 (12)	0.0184 (12)	0.0230 (13)	0.0010 (10)	0.0046 (11)	0.0030 (10)
C14	0.0328 (14)	0.0299 (14)	0.0193 (13)	0.0003 (12)	0.0105 (11)	0.0010 (11)
C15	0.0327 (14)	0.0300 (14)	0.0184 (13)	0.0084 (12)	0.0040 (11)	-0.0057 (11)
C16	0.0288 (13)	0.0183 (12)	0.0261 (13)	0.0028 (11)	0.0031 (11)	-0.0082 (11)
C17	0.0188 (11)	0.0197 (12)	0.0188 (12)	0.0018 (10)	-0.0009 (10)	-0.0010 (10)
C18	0.0332 (14)	0.0164 (12)	0.0357 (15)	-0.0043 (11)	0.0055 (13)	-0.0017 (11)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Br1—C1	1.895 (2)	C6—C7	1.420 (4)
Br2—C3	1.896 (2)	С6—Н6	0.9300
O1—C9	1.374 (3)	С7—Н7	0.9300
O1—C10	1.437 (3)	C8—C9	1.429 (3)
O2—C11	1.230 (3)	C10—C11	1.518 (3)
O3—C17	1.362 (3)	C10—H10A	0.9700
O3—C18	1.424 (3)	C10—H10B	0.9700
N2—C11	1.352 (3)	C12—C13	1.389 (4)
N2—C12	1.411 (3)	C12—C17	1.407 (3)
N2—H2A	0.898 (9)	C13—C14	1.395 (4)
N1—C7	1.318 (3)	C13—H13	0.9300
N1—C8	1.366 (3)	C14—C15	1.376 (4)
C1—C9	1.363 (3)	C14—H14	0.9300
C1—C2	1.414 (3)	C15—C16	1.398 (4)
C2—C3	1.361 (3)	C15—H15	0.9300
С2—Н2	0.9300	C16—C17	1.383 (4)
C3—C4	1.416 (3)	C16—H16	0.9300
C4—C5	1.415 (3)	C18—H18A	0.9600
C4—C8	1.421 (3)	C18—H18B	0.9600
C5—C6	1.368 (4)	C18—H18C	0.9600
С5—Н5	0.9300		
C9—O1—C10	115.11 (17)	O1—C10—C11	111.60 (19)
C17—O3—C18	117.6 (2)	O1—C10—H10A	109.3
C11—N2—C12	127.0 (2)	C11—C10—H10A	109.3
C11—N2—H2A	113.8 (14)	O1—C10—H10B	109.3
C12—N2—H2A	119.1 (14)	C11—C10—H10B	109.3
C7—N1—C8	117.5 (2)	H10A—C10—H10B	108.0

C9—C1—C2	121.5 (2)	O2—C11—N2	125.5 (2)
C9—C1—Br1	120.03 (18)	O2-C11-C10	119.3 (2)
C2C1Br1	118.47 (18)	N2-C11-C10	115.2 (2)
C3—C2—C1	119.6 (2)	C13—C12—C17	118.8 (2)
С3—С2—Н2	120.2	C13—C12—N2	124.7 (2)
C1—C2—H2	120.2	C17—C12—N2	116.5 (2)
C2—C3—C4	121.6 (2)	C12—C13—C14	120.4 (2)
C2—C3—Br2	119.32 (19)	C12—C13—H13	119.8
C4—C3—Br2	119.06 (17)	C14—C13—H13	119.8
C5—C4—C3	125.1 (2)	C15—C14—C13	120.6 (3)
C5—C4—C8	116.7 (2)	C15—C14—H14	119.7
C3-C4-C8	118.2(2)	C13—C14—H14	119.7
C6-C5-C4	119.2(2)	C14-C15-C16	119.6(3)
С6—С5—Н5	120.3	C14 - C15 - H15	120.2
C4 - C5 - H5	120.3	C16—C15—H15	120.2
$C_{5} - C_{6} - C_{7}$	120.5 119 5 (2)	C_{17} C_{16} C_{15} C_{15}	120.2 120.2(2)
C5-C6-H6	119.3 (2)	C17 - C16 - H16	110.0
C7 C6 H6	120.3	$C_{17} = C_{10} = H_{10}$	110.0
N1 C7 C6	120.3 123.2(2)	03 C17 C16	119.9 124.8(2)
N1_C7_H7	123.2 (2)	03 - C17 - C12	124.8(2)
NI—С/—Н/ Сб. С7. Н7	110.4	$C_{16} = C_{17} = C_{12}$	114.0(2) 120.4(2)
$C_0 - C_1 - H_1$	110.4 122.7(2)	$C_{10} - C_{17} - C_{12}$	120.4 (2)
N1 - C8 - C4	125.7(2)	$O_2 = C_{18} = H_{18}$	109.5
$NI = C_{0} = C_{0}$	110.0(2)		109.5
C4 - C8 - C9	119.7 (2)	H18A-C18-H18B	109.5
C1 = C9 = O1	122.3 (2)		109.5
01-09-08	119.4 (2)	H18A—C18—H18C	109.5
01	118.2 (2)	H18B—C18—H18C	109.5
С9—С1—С2—С3	1.2 (4)	N1-C8-C9-C1	179.8 (2)
Br1—C1—C2—C3	-178.45 (18)	C4—C8—C9—C1	-0.2(3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.8 (4)	N1-C8-C9-O1	-3.4(3)
C1—C2—C3—Br2	-179.18 (17)	C4—C8—C9—O1	176.6 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	178.9 (2)	C9-01-C10-C11	-138.9(2)
Br2—C3—C4—C5	-2.8(3)	C12—N2—C11—O2	-1.6(4)
C2—C3—C4—C8	0.0 (3)	C12—N2—C11—C10	175.2 (2)
Br2—C3—C4—C8	178.33 (17)	O1—C10—C11—O2	-149.5(2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	179.9 (2)	O1—C10—C11—N2	33.5 (3)
C8—C4—C5—C6	-1.2 (3)	C11—N2—C12—C13	-2.4(4)
C4—C5—C6—C7	0.7 (4)	C11—N2—C12—C17	177.4 (2)
C8—N1—C7—C6	0.9 (3)	C17—C12—C13—C14	1.0 (4)
C5-C6-C7-N1	-0.6(4)	N2-C12-C13-C14	-179.2(2)
C7—N1—C8—C4	-1.4 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C15	0.1 (4)
C7—N1—C8—C9	178.6 (2)	C13—C14—C15—C16	-1.1 (4)
C5-C4-C8-N1	1.6 (3)	C14—C15—C16—C17	1.1 (4)
C3-C4-C8-N1	-179.4 (2)	C18 - C17 - C16	10.3 (3)
C5-C4-C8-C9	-178.5(2)	C18 - C17 - C12	-169.3(2)
C3—C4—C8—C9	0.5 (3)	C15-C16-C17-O3	-179.5(2)
C2-C1-C9-01	-177.3(2)	C15—C16—C17—C12	0.0 (4)

Br1-C1-C9-O1	2.3 (3)	C13—C12—C17—O3	178.5 (2)
C2—C1—C9—C8	-0.7 (3)	N2-C12-C17-O3	-1.3 (3)
Br1-C1-C9-C8	178.94 (17)	C13—C12—C17—C16	-1.1 (4)
C10-01-C9-C1	-90.4 (3)	N2-C12-C17-C16	179.1 (2)
C10-01-C9-C8	92.9 (2)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	D—H	H···A	D····A	D—H···A
N2—H2A…N1	0.90 (1)	2.24 (1)	3.065 (3)	153 (1)
C18—H18C···O2 ⁱ	0.96	2.53	3.342 (3)	142

Symmetry code: (i) x, y-1, z.