

Acta Crystallographica Section E **Structure Reports** Online

ISSN 1600-5368

(\pm) -trans-3-Oxo-1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10aoctahydrophenanthrene-10a-carboxylic acid: catemeric hydrogen bonding in a δ -keto acid

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Received 9 August 2008; accepted 18 August 2008

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 100 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.040; wR factor = 0.109; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.8.

The title compound, C15H16O3, aggregates as hydrogenbonded catemers progressing from each carboxyl to the ketone of a screw-related neighbor $[O \cdots O = 2.6675 (14) \text{ Å}$ and $O-H \cdots O = 170^{\circ}$]. Two parallel centrosymmetrically related single-strand hydrogen-bonding helices proceed through the cell in the *b*-axis direction. The packing includes three intermolecular $C-H \cdots O = C$ close contacts, involving both the ketone and the carboxyl group. The structure is isomorphous with that of the previously described $\Delta^4 \alpha_{,\beta}$ unsaturated ketone.

Related literature

For related literature, see: Allen et al. (1999); Borthwick (1980); Gavezzotti & Filippini (1994); Leiserowitz (1976); Miller et al. (1999); Steiner (1997); Thompson & McPherson (1977); Thompson & Shah (1983).



7219 measured reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.019$

2106 independent reflections

2019 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

Experimental

Crystal data

C15H16O3 $V = 1220.20 (10) \text{ Å}^3$ $M_r = 244.28$ Z = 4Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$ Cu Ka radiation a = 9.7172 (4) Å $\mu = 0.74 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ b = 12.2735 (6) Å T = 100 (2) K c = 10.4867 (5) Å $0.41 \times 0.38 \times 0.36 \text{ mm}$ $\beta = 102.6764 \ (19)^{\circ}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD APEXII area-detector diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2001) $T_{\min} = 0.750, \ T_{\max} = 0.775$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$	165 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.108$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 1.05	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.25 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
2106 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.20 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D-\mathrm{H}$	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D{\cdots}A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
O3−H3···O1 ⁱ	0.84	1.84	2.6675 (14)	170
$C2-H2A\cdots O2^{ii}$	0.99	2.45	3.3817 (16)	156
$C4 - H4B \cdot \cdot \cdot O2^{iii}$	0.99	2.60	3.5273 (18)	156
$C8-H8A\cdotsO1^{iv}$	0.95	2.55	3.2625 (17)	132
Symmetry codes: $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2};$	(i) $-x + \frac{1}{2}$, (iv) $x, y, z + 1$.	$y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2};$	(ii) $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y +$	$\frac{3}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2};$ (iii)

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2006); cell refinement: APEX2; data reduction: SAINT (Bruker, 2005); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine

structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

HWT is grateful to Professor Gree Loober Spoog for helpful consultations. The authors acknowledge support by NSF-CRIF grant No. 0443538.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: FL2217).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2008). E64, o1813 [doi:10.1107/S1600536808026639]

(±)-*trans*-3-Oxo-1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydrophenanthrene-10a-carboxylic acid: catemeric hydrogen bonding in a δ -keto acid

Mark Davison, Roger A. Lalancette, Hugh W. Thompson and Alan J. Miller

S1. Comment

In ketocarboxylic acids the bias toward centrosymmetric acid pairing (Leiserowitz, 1976; Gavezzotti & Filippini, 1994; Allen *et al.*, 1999) may be suppressed when molecular inflexibility diminishes the repertoire of conformational options. Keto acids with few fully rotatable bonds thus display an increased tendency to form acid-to-ketone H-bonding chains. In this context, we describe the title compound (I), which aggregates in the less common catemer mode.

Fig. 1 shows the asymmetric unit for (I) with its numbering. The sole option for full bond rotation involves the carboxyl group, which is turned so that its carbonyl lies over the ring system, with a C4A—C10A—C11—O2 torsion angle of 39.16 (17)°. Within the asymmetric unit, the dihedral angle for ketone (C2—C3—C4—O1) *versus* carboxyl (C10A—C11—O2—O3) is 86.06 (6)°. Because (I) is not dimeric, averaging of C—O bond lengths and C—C—O angles by disorder is precluded, and these values [1.2121 (17) & 1.3232 (17) Å] resemble ones typical for highly ordered carboxyls (Borthwick, 1980).

Fig. 2 illustrates the packing. The carboxyl-to-ketone H bonds proceed among molecules screw-related in b, generating two parallel single-strand helical catemers for each cell. These chains are centrosymmetrically related and thus counterdirectional. For the ketone and carboxyl groups involved in each intermolecular H bond (Table 1), the C2—C3—C4—O1 *versus* C10A'-C11'-O2'-O3' [symmetry = 0.5 - x, -1/2 + y, 0.5 - z] dihedral angle is 69.01 (6)°.

We characterize the geometry of H bonding to carbonyls using a combination of the H \cdots O=C angle and the H \cdots O=C—C torsion angle. These describe the approach of the H atom to the O in terms of its deviation from, respectively, C=O axiality and planarity with the carbonyl. In (I) these angles are 117° for H \cdots O=C and -6.5° for H \cdots O=C—C, extremely close to the "ideal" angles of 120 and 0°.

Within the 2.6 Å range we survey (Steiner, 1997), three intermolecular C—H···O=C close contacts were found in the packing, involving both the ketone and the carboxyl group. (Table 1).

Compound (I) is derived from the Δ^4 isoskeletal unsaturated keto acid whose structure we have previously reported (Miller *et al.*, 1999), and the molecular shapes of these two compounds are so similar that (I) was found to be isomorphous with the prior material.

S2. Experimental

1-Tetralone was carbomethoxylated and then subjected to Robinson annulation as described by Thompson & McPherson (1977). The resulting unsaturated keto ester was hydrogenated over a Pd/C catalyst, after which Jones oxidation was employed to correct for overreduction. Mild saponification, modeled on that described by Thompson & Shah (1983), provided (I), which was sublimed and crystallized from diethyl ether to give the crystal used, m.p. 460 K. The solid-state (KBr) infrared spectrum of (I) has C=O absorptions at 1716 & 1685 cm⁻¹. This peak separation is typical of the H-bonding shifts in catemers, due to, respectively, its removal from the acid C=O and its addition to the ketone. In CHCl₃

solution, where dimers predominate, these peaks coalesce to a single absorption at 1707 cm⁻¹.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms for (I) were found in electron density difference maps. The O—H was constrained to an idealized position with its distance fixed at 0.84 Å and $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5U_{eq}(O)$. The aromatic, methylene & methine Hs were placed in geometrically idealized positions and constrained to ride on their parent C atoms with C—H distances of 0.95, 0.99 & 1.00 Å, respectively, and $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$.



Figure 1

The asymmetric unit of (I), with its numbering. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.



Figure 2

A partial packing diagram for (I), with extracellular molecules, illustrating a counter-directional pair of parallel Hbonding chains. For clarity, all C-bound H atoms are omitted. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.

(±)-trans-3-Oxo-1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydrophenanthrene- 10a-carboxylic acid

Crystal data	
$C_{15}H_{16}O_3$	$\beta = 102.6764 \ (19)^{\circ}$
$M_r = 244.28$	$V = 1220.20 (10) \text{ Å}^3$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	Z = 4
Hall symbol: -P 2yn	F(000) = 520
a = 9.7172 (4) Å	$D_{\rm x} = 1.330 { m Mg} { m m}^{-3}$
b = 12.2735 (6) Å	Melting point: 460 K
c = 10.4867 (5) Å	Cu <i>K</i> α radiation, $\lambda = 1.54178$ Å

Cell parameters from 4354 reflections $\theta = 4.3 - 67.3^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.74 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD APEXII area-detector diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator φ and ω scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2001) $T_{\rm min} = 0.750, T_{\rm max} = 0.775$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Hydrogen site location: inferred from Least-squares matrix: full neighbouring sites $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$ $wR(F^2) = 0.108$ S = 1.05where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ 2106 reflections $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$ 165 parameters $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.25 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.20 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$ 0 restraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

T = 100 KBlock, colourless $0.41 \times 0.38 \times 0.36$ mm

7219 measured reflections 2106 independent reflections 2019 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\rm int} = 0.019$ $\theta_{\text{max}} = 67.8^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 5.6^{\circ}$ $h = -11 \rightarrow 11$ $k = -14 \rightarrow 11$ $l = -12 \rightarrow 12$

H-atom parameters constrained $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_0^2) + (0.061P)^2 + 0.4428P]$ Extinction correction: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008), $Fc^* = kFc[1+0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$ Extinction coefficient: 0.0050 (8)

Special details

Experimental. crystal mounted on cryoloop using Paratone-N

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor w*R* and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)			
<i>x</i>	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$

	x	У	Z	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
01	0.16954 (13)	0.53956 (9)	0.02162 (9)	0.0406 (3)	
C1	-0.01276 (13)	0.72351 (11)	0.19416 (12)	0.0252 (3)	
H1A	-0.0968	0.6757	0.1741	0.030*	
H1B	-0.0461	0.7999	0.1845	0.030*	
O2	0.29511 (10)	0.78231 (9)	0.34146 (10)	0.0350 (3)	
C2	0.07805 (14)	0.70150 (11)	0.09446 (12)	0.0265 (3)	
H2A	0.0172	0.7036	0.0054	0.032*	
H2B	0.1490	0.7603	0.1005	0.032*	
03	0.14561 (11)	0.87586 (8)	0.43269 (10)	0.0356 (3)	
H3	0.2108	0.9222	0.4436	0.053*	

C3	0.15250 (14)	0.59394 (11)	0.11443 (13)	0.0267 (3)
C4B	0.19751 (13)	0.56160 (11)	0.49180 (12)	0.0238 (3)
C4	0.21490 (14)	0.55868 (12)	0.25238 (13)	0.0278 (3)
H4A	0.3090	0.5927	0.2809	0.033*
H4B	0.2286	0.4787	0.2534	0.033*
C4A	0.12567 (13)	0.58788 (11)	0.35068 (12)	0.0230 (3)
H4AA	0.0417	0.5387	0.3295	0.028*
C5	0.31064 (14)	0.48895 (11)	0.52183 (13)	0.0268 (3)
H5A	0.3480	0.4589	0.4531	0.032*
C6	0.36977 (14)	0.45965 (12)	0.65045 (14)	0.0305 (3)
H6A	0.4460	0.4095	0.6689	0.037*
C7	0.31676 (15)	0.50411 (12)	0.75139 (13)	0.0322 (4)
H7A	0.3559	0.4841	0.8394	0.039*
C8A	0.14555 (14)	0.60769 (11)	0.59434 (13)	0.0255 (3)
C8	0.20659 (15)	0.57772 (12)	0.72309 (13)	0.0297 (3)
H8A	0.1715	0.6087	0.7927	0.036*
C9	0.02840 (15)	0.69172 (11)	0.57102 (13)	0.0287 (3)
H9A	0.0670	0.7615	0.6108	0.034*
H9B	-0.0455	0.6678	0.6165	0.034*
C10A	0.06525 (13)	0.70445 (10)	0.33777 (12)	0.0226 (3)
C10	-0.04018 (14)	0.71177 (11)	0.42685 (13)	0.0266 (3)
H10A	-0.0841	0.7849	0.4177	0.032*
H10B	-0.1159	0.6574	0.3980	0.032*
C11	0.18214 (14)	0.78966 (11)	0.37191 (12)	0.0250 (3)

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
01	0.0641 (7)	0.0364 (6)	0.0228 (5)	0.0208 (5)	0.0127 (5)	0.0039 (4)
C1	0.0259 (6)	0.0238 (7)	0.0242 (7)	0.0037 (5)	0.0017 (5)	0.0005 (5)
O2	0.0286 (5)	0.0341 (6)	0.0421 (6)	-0.0062 (4)	0.0075 (4)	-0.0009 (4)
C2	0.0313 (7)	0.0254 (7)	0.0211 (6)	0.0038 (5)	0.0021 (5)	0.0029 (5)
03	0.0500 (6)	0.0266 (6)	0.0339 (6)	-0.0128 (4)	0.0173 (5)	-0.0087 (4)
C3	0.0303 (7)	0.0273 (7)	0.0229 (7)	0.0029 (5)	0.0063 (5)	0.0024 (5)
C4B	0.0268 (6)	0.0220 (7)	0.0219 (6)	-0.0057 (5)	0.0039 (5)	0.0016 (5)
C4	0.0330 (7)	0.0274 (7)	0.0219 (7)	0.0085 (5)	0.0037 (5)	0.0019 (5)
C4A	0.0255 (6)	0.0220 (7)	0.0207 (6)	-0.0008(5)	0.0036 (5)	0.0008 (5)
C5	0.0271 (7)	0.0282 (8)	0.0242 (7)	-0.0036 (5)	0.0038 (5)	0.0034 (5)
C6	0.0268 (7)	0.0317 (8)	0.0301 (7)	-0.0049 (6)	-0.0002(5)	0.0086 (6)
C7	0.0332 (7)	0.0381 (8)	0.0221 (7)	-0.0130 (6)	-0.0007 (5)	0.0071 (6)
C8A	0.0288 (7)	0.0238 (7)	0.0240 (7)	-0.0089(5)	0.0056 (5)	0.0004 (5)
C8	0.0352 (7)	0.0316 (8)	0.0224 (7)	-0.0125 (6)	0.0068 (5)	-0.0009 (5)
C9	0.0362 (7)	0.0259 (7)	0.0267 (7)	-0.0042 (6)	0.0129 (6)	-0.0015 (5)
C10A	0.0244 (6)	0.0214 (7)	0.0214 (6)	-0.0005(5)	0.0035 (5)	0.0000 (5)
C10	0.0268 (6)	0.0250 (7)	0.0288 (7)	-0.0013 (5)	0.0078 (5)	-0.0015 (5)
C11	0.0309 (7)	0.0243 (7)	0.0185 (6)	-0.0023 (5)	0.0025 (5)	0.0030 (5)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

01—C3	1.2210 (17)	C4A—C10A	1.5411 (18)
C1—C2	1.5328 (18)	C4A—H4AA	1.0000
C1C10A	1.5481 (17)	C5—C6	1.3923 (19)
C1—H1A	0.9900	С5—Н5А	0.9500
C1—H1B	0.9900	C6—C7	1.387 (2)
O2—C11	1.2121 (17)	C6—H6A	0.9500
C2—C3	1.4979 (19)	C7—C8	1.382 (2)
C2—H2A	0.9900	C7—H7A	0.9500
C2—H2B	0.9900	C8A—C8	1.3996 (19)
O3—C11	1.3232 (17)	C8A—C9	1.516 (2)
O3—H3	0.8400	C8—H8A	0.9500
C3—C4	1.5043 (18)	C9—C10	1.5324 (18)
C4B—C5	1.397 (2)	С9—Н9А	0.9900
C4B—C8A	1.4034 (19)	С9—Н9В	0.9900
C4B—C4A	1.5258 (17)	C10A—C11	1.5276 (18)
C4—C4A	1.5280 (18)	C10A—C10	1.5331 (17)
C4—H4A	0.9900	C10—H10A	0.9900
C4—H4B	0.9900	C10—H10B	0.9900
C2—C1—C10A	113.87 (10)	C7—C6—C5	119.64 (13)
C2—C1—H1A	108.8	С7—С6—Н6А	120.2
C10A—C1—H1A	108.8	С5—С6—Н6А	120.2
C2—C1—H1B	108.8	C8—C7—C6	119.55 (12)
C10A—C1—H1B	108.8	С8—С7—Н7А	120.2
H1A—C1—H1B	107.7	С6—С7—Н7А	120.2
C3—C2—C1	113.12 (11)	C8—C8A—C4B	119.06 (13)
C3—C2—H2A	109.0	C8—C8A—C9	118.61 (12)
C1—C2—H2A	109.0	C4B—C8A—C9	122.31 (12)
C3—C2—H2B	109.0	C7—C8—C8A	121.55 (13)
C1—C2—H2B	109.0	С7—С8—Н8А	119.2
H2A—C2—H2B	107.8	C8A—C8—H8A	119.2
С11—О3—Н3	109.5	C8A—C9—C10	114.65 (11)
O1—C3—C2	121.08 (12)	С8А—С9—Н9А	108.6
O1—C3—C4	120.85 (12)	С10—С9—Н9А	108.6
C2—C3—C4	117.93 (11)	C8A—C9—H9B	108.6
C5—C4B—C8A	118.84 (12)	С10—С9—Н9В	108.6
C5—C4B—C4A	121.57 (12)	H9A—C9—H9B	107.6
C8A—C4B—C4A	119.54 (12)	C11—C10A—C10	112.27 (10)
C3—C4—C4A	114.37 (11)	C11—C10A—C4A	111.45 (10)
C3—C4—H4A	108.7	C10—C10A—C4A	107.07 (10)
C4A—C4—H4A	108.7	C11—C10A—C1	107.74 (10)
C3—C4—H4B	108.7	C10—C10A—C1	109.50 (10)
C4A—C4—H4B	108.7	C4A—C10A—C1	108.76 (10)
H4A—C4—H4B	107.6	C9—C10—C10A	112.81 (11)
C4B—C4A—C4	113.46 (11)	C9—C10—H10A	109.0
C4B—C4A—C10A	111.46 (11)	C10A—C10—H10A	109.0

C4—C4A—C10A	114.84 (11)	C9—C10—H10B	109.0
C4B—C4A—H4AA	105.4	C10A—C10—H10B	109.0
C4—C4A—H4AA	105.4	H10A-C10-H10B	107.8
C10A—C4A—H4AA	105.4	O2—C11—O3	122.73 (12)
C6—C5—C4B	121.35 (13)	O2-C11-C10A	123.85 (12)
С6—С5—Н5А	119.3	O3—C11—C10A	113.33 (11)
C4B—C5—H5A	119.3		
C10A—C1—C2—C3	49.48 (16)	C8—C8A—C9—C10	-174.95 (11)
C1—C2—C3—O1	143.89 (14)	C4B—C8A—C9—C10	7.00 (18)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-40.45 (16)	C4B—C4A—C10A—C11	64.36 (13)
O1—C3—C4—C4A	-146.29 (14)	C4—C4A—C10A—C11	-66.43 (14)
C2—C3—C4—C4A	38.04 (17)	C4B-C4A-C10A-C10	-58.77 (13)
C5—C4B—C4A—C4	-18.50 (18)	C4—C4A—C10A—C10	170.44 (11)
C8A—C4B—C4A—C4	164.19 (12)	C4B—C4A—C10A—C1	-177.00 (10)
C5—C4B—C4A—C10A	-150.00 (12)	C4—C4A—C10A—C1	52.20 (14)
C8A—C4B—C4A—C10A	32.69 (16)	C2-C1-C10A-C11	66.13 (14)
C3—C4—C4A—C4B	-174.25 (11)	C2-C1-C10A-C10	-171.50 (11)
C3—C4—C4A—C10A	-44.43 (16)	C2-C1-C10A-C4A	-54.81 (14)
C8A—C4B—C5—C6	1.67 (19)	C8A-C9-C10-C10A	-35.51 (16)
C4A—C4B—C5—C6	-175.66 (12)	C11—C10A—C10—C9	-61.41 (14)
C4B—C5—C6—C7	-0.7 (2)	C4A—C10A—C10—C9	61.21 (14)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-0.6 (2)	C1—C10A—C10—C9	178.96 (11)
C5—C4B—C8A—C8	-1.36 (19)	C10-C10A-C11-O2	159.27 (12)
C4A—C4B—C8A—C8	176.02 (11)	C4A—C10A—C11—O2	39.16 (17)
C5—C4B—C8A—C9	176.67 (12)	C1—C10A—C11—O2	-80.08 (15)
C4A—C4B—C8A—C9	-5.94 (18)	C10-C10A-C11-O3	-24.00 (15)
C6—C7—C8—C8A	0.8 (2)	C4A—C10A—C11—O3	-144.12 (11)
C4B—C8A—C8—C7	0.13 (19)	C1-C10A-C11-O3	96.65 (12)
C9—C8A—C8—C7	-177.98 (12)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —H	H···A	$D \cdots A$	D—H··· A
O3—H3…O1 ⁱ	0.84	1.84	2.6675 (14)	170
C2—H2A····O2 ⁱⁱ	0.99	2.45	3.3817 (16)	156
C4—H4 <i>B</i> ···O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.99	2.60	3.5273 (18)	156
C8—H8A····O1 ^{iv}	0.95	2.55	3.2625 (17)	132

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+1/2, y+1/2, -z+1/2; (ii) x-1/2, -y+3/2, z-1/2; (iii) -x+1/2, y-1/2, -z+1/2; (iv) x, y, z+1.