MS15-P11 | Synthesis, CRYSTAL STRUCTURES AND THERMAL EXPANSION OF NOVEL

LUTETIUM-BARIUM BORATES

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The search for new RGB phosphors for wLED is of important interest nowadays. Rare- and alkaline-earth borates have attracted the attention of researchers due to luminescence makes them prospective phosphors, scintillators. Five (Lu,Ba)-borates are known: LuBa₃B₃O₉, LuBa₃B₉O₁₈ and recently obtained Lu₅Ba₂B₅O₁₇ (Hermus *et al.*, 2017), Lu₂Ba₃B₆O₁₅ (Biryukov *et al.*, 2019) and Lu₅Ba₆B₉O₂₇ (Filatov *et al.*, 2019). Partially substituted by Ce, Yb and Eu, the borates exhibit good and even excellent luminescence (Lu₂Ba₃B₆O₁₅:Ce,Tb).

This work is devoted to synthesis of Lu₅Ba₆B₉O₂₇ and Lu₂Ba₃B₆O₁₅, its structure determination from single-crystal, powder XRD data, investigation of thermal properties of these borates and LuBa₃B₉O₁₈ using TG, DSC, HTXRD. The Lu₅Ba₆B₉O₂₇ structure is composed of the BO₃ triangles, the cubic Lu₂Ba₃B₆O₁₅ is built from the B₂O₅ groups, LuBa₃B₉O₁₈ structure - from the B₃O₆ groups. The thermal expansion is considered as a function of not only polyanions contribution but also of cations one.

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