

Crystal Chemistry, Phase Diagrams, and Thermoelectric Properties of the Ca-M-Co-O (M=Sr, Zn, La, Sm, Eu, Gd, and Dy) Systems

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For waste heat energy conversion applications, oxide materials which have high temperature stability are potential candidate materials. In the Ca-M-Co-O (M=Sr, Zn, La, Eu, Sm, Gd, and Dy) systems, in addition to the well-known  $\text{Ca}_3\text{Co}_4\text{O}_9$  phase (with misfit layered structure) that has excellent thermoelectric properties, and the M-doped phases  $(\text{Ca},\text{M})_3\text{Co}_4\text{O}_9$  or  $\text{Ca}_3(\text{Co},\text{M})_4\text{O}_9$  phases, other low-dimensional phases include the homologous series,  $\text{A}_{n+2}\text{Co}_n\text{Co}'\text{O}_{3n+3}$  (where A= (Ca, Sr) and (Sr,Ca)),  $\text{Ca}_{n+2}(\text{Co},\text{Zn})_n(\text{Co}',\text{Zn})\text{O}_{3n+3}$ , and  $(\text{M}_{1+x}\text{Ca}_{1-x})\text{CoO}_{4-z}$ . While the members of the  $\text{A}_{n+2}\text{Co}_n\text{Co}'\text{O}_{3n+3}$  series have reasonably high Seebeck coefficients and relatively low thermal conductivity, the electrical conductivity needs to be increased in order to achieve higher figure of merit (*ZT*) values. This talk discusses our phase equilibria/structural/property studies of selected cobaltates in the Ca-M-Co-O systems.