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**Compressed alkali and alkali-earth metals:
Understanding structure through Jones zone
activation.** Valentina F. Degtyareva. *Institute of Solid
State Physics Russian Academy of Sciences,
Chernogolovka, Russia.*
E-mail: degtyar@issp.ac.ru

Under compression, simple *s*-bonded alkali and alkali-earth metals pass through the sequence of phases characterized by lowering in symmetry, coordination number and packing density [1,2]. Structural transformations in these metals are controlled by the combined effects of electrostatic (Madelung) and electronic (band-structure) contributions to the crystal energy. The latter term increases with pressure yielding low-symmetry complex structures, such as *cI16* in Li and Na, *Rb-oC52* and *Cs-oC84*. Stability of these structures can be supported by a Hume-Rothery argument when new diffraction plains appear close to the Fermi level [3]. Effect of *pressure induced Jones plane activation* was considered theoretically recently by Ashcroft and coworkers [4].

Upon further compression heavy alkalis Cs and Rb form a very open structure *tI4* with coordination number 4+4 and packing density ~ 0.56 . Considering the Brillouin zone configuration with respect to the Fermi sphere one can conclude that the Hume-Rothery mechanism is effective if the number of valence electrons increases from 1 up to 2 and higher values implying the transition of the outer core electrons into the valence band. Similar changes in the valence state are expected for compressed Na at the transition from *cI16* to *oP8* at pressures above 117 GPa [2,5]. Observations of the simple cubic structure in Ca (above 32 GPa) and the beta-tin structure in Sr (above 25 GPa) imply the increase in the number of valence electrons resulting from the core ionization.

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