

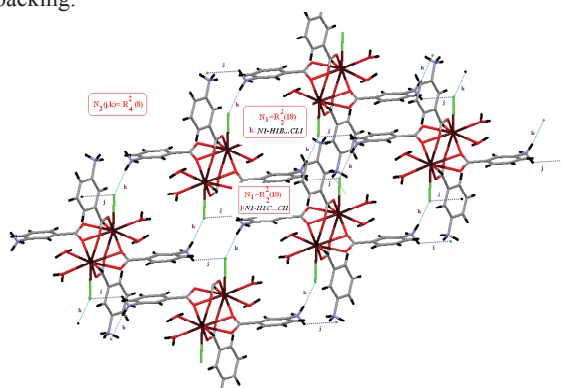
[1] A. Özek, S. Yüce, Ç. Albayrak, M. Odabasoglu, and O. Büyükgüngör, *Acta Crystallogr.*, **2005**, E61, o3179.

**Keywords:** X-ray diffraction; DFT; dielectric media

#### FA4-MS05-P19

**Hydrogen bonding motifs, Crystal Structure of the Polymeric chloride of tetrakis(3-aminobenzoato-O,O') hexaquadichloride lanthanum(III) dihydrate  $\text{La}_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_8(\text{C}_7\text{H}_7\text{NO}_2)_4\text{Cl}_6$ .** Meriem Benslimane<sup>a</sup>, Hocine Merazig<sup>a</sup>. <sup>a</sup>Laboratory of Molecular Chemistry, Control of the Environment and Measures Physico-chemical, Department of Sciences Mentouri University of Constantine. 25000 Algérie. E-mail: benslimane\_meriem@yahoo.fr

Such complexes can be used as starting materials in a wide range of applications in materials science, including superconductors, magnetic materials, catalysts and luminescent probes [1]. In this field much work has been focused on the design and assembly of lanthanide complexes with organic ligands such as aromatic carboxylic acids,  $\beta$ -diketones, cryptand, calixarenes and heterocyclic ligands. In particular, lanthanide complexes with aromatic carboxylic acids have been studied because of their novel features and potential applications in a number of areas. The present contribution deals with the synthesis and the crystal structure of the dimeric lanthanum compound,  $\text{La}_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_8(\text{C}_7\text{H}_7\text{NO}_2)_4\text{Cl}_6$  (I). The complex (I), consists of dimeric units related by an inversion center. The two  $\text{La}^{\text{III}}$  atoms are linked by two bridging bidentate carboxylate groups and two monodentate carboxylate groups. Each  $\text{La}^{\text{III}}$  atom is nine-coordinated by five O atoms from carboxylate groups of the 3-aminobenzoate, three from water molecules and chloride ion, they adopt a distorted tricapped trigonal-prismatic arrangement. The modeling of the various existing types of connections in the two structures by using the theory of Bernstein [2] enabled us to build the various binary graphs, which were used to understand the crystal packing.



[1] Quiche, A., Suzuki, Y., Ohki, Y. & Koizumi, Y., **1988**. *Coord. Chem. Rev.* 92,29±43. [2] Bernstein, J., R.E. Davis, L. Shimon, and N. -L. Chang. Patterns in hydrogen bonding: Functionality and graph set analysis in crystal. *Angew Chem int ED Engl* 34: 1555-73, **1995**.

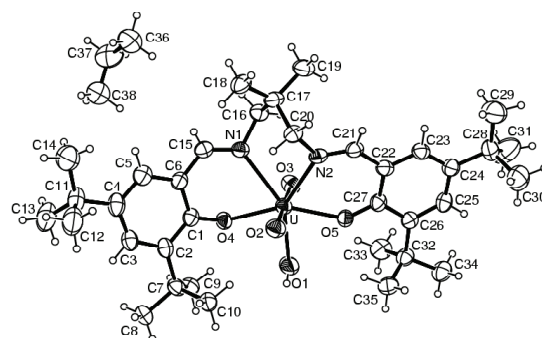
**Keywords:** amino acids; lanthanide ions; graph-set theory

#### FA4-MS05-P20

**Synthesis, Crystallographic Structure and Semiempirical Studies of a Novel Complexes of Uranyl(VII).** Ahmed Arif Tek<sup>a</sup>, Ömer Çelik<sup>a</sup>, Mahmut Ulusoy<sup>b</sup>, Nazan Ocak İskeleli<sup>c</sup>, Erol Eroğlu<sup>a</sup>, Eşref Taş<sup>d</sup>. <sup>a</sup>Department of Physics, Faculty of Science & Art, Harran University 63300, Şanlıurfa, Turkey. <sup>b</sup>Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Ege University, 35100 Bornova, İzmir, Turkey. <sup>c</sup>Ondokuz Mayıs University, Department of Science Education, 55200, Samsun Turkey. <sup>d</sup>Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science & Art, Siirt University, 56100, Siirt, Turkey.

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(*N, N'* - bis(3,5-di-*tert*-butylsalicylidene)2-dimethyl 1,3-diaminopropane)uranyl(VII) was synthesized suitable conditions. The experimental data of compound was obtained by Stoe X-ray diffractometer that is graphite monochromatised  $\text{MoK}_\alpha$  ( $\lambda=0.7107\text{\AA}$ ) radiation. It crystallizes in monoclinic system, space group P21/n, with lattice parameters  $a=15.5501(6)\text{\AA}$ ,  $b=12.0559(5)\text{\AA}$ ,  $c=21.5158(8)\text{\AA}$ ,  $\beta=103.186(3)^\circ$ ,  $Z=4$ ,  $\mu=4.174\text{ mm}^{-1}$ ,  $S=1.011$ ,  $R=0.0418$  and  $wR=0.0704$  for 7667 observed reflections. The equatorial geometry surrounding the uranyl centres is distorted pentagonal bipyramidal. The U atom is coordinated by two N and five O atoms. The structures were solved by direct methods using the SHELX-97 program package and refined on  $F^2$ . The data were treated and corrected for Lorentz-polarisation effects. The equatorial geometry surrounding the uranyl centres is distorted pentagonal bipyramidal. The U atom is coordinated by two N and five O atoms. The compound has a lot of intramolecular and four intermolecular interactions. Also bond lengths and angles are calculated for both X-ray and model starting geometry of molecule by semiempirical of Gaussian3 programme. Values of bond length and angle of the both X-ray and semiempirical calculations were compared.



**Keywords:** uranyl; gaussian3; crystal structure

#### FA4-MS05-P21

**Experimental and Semi-empirical and DFT Calculational Studies on (E)-4-(2-((4-chlorophenylimino)methyl)phenoxy)Phthalonitrile.**