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**On the role of noncovalent interactions on the structure of metal thiolate complexes**I. Justyniak<sup>1</sup>, J. Lipkowski<sup>1</sup>, J. Lewiński<sup>2</sup>, W. Bury<sup>2</sup><sup>1</sup>*Institute of Physical Chemistry, Polish Academy of Sciences, Kasprzaka 44/52, 01-224 Warsaw, Poland*<sup>2</sup>*Department of Chemistry, Warsaw University of Technology, Noakowskiego 3, 00-664 Warsaw, Poland***Keywords: metal complexes, noncovalent interactions, thiolates, database analysis**

The chemistry of five-coordinate aluminum complexes has an extensive literature and the significance of the fifth coordinate site for aluminum-based reagent/catalyst function and/or selectivity is gradually emerging. However, the identity of both active centers and transition-state structures remains often elusive. Detailed structural information concerning the extent of coordination and association in alkylaluminum complexes as well as the magnitude of the donor–aluminum interaction in five-coordinate species are crucial in understanding their physical behavior and chemical reactivity. In this regard, investigations based on the dialkylaluminum chelate complexes derived from donor-functionalized alcohols or unsaturated bifunctional O,X-H proligands, i.e., [R<sub>2</sub>Al(O,X)]<sub>n</sub>-type complexes, have appeared particularly fruitful. Recently, our group has reported the results concerning the relationship between intra- and intermolecular forces resulting from donor–acceptor and hydrogen-bonding interactions using group 13 chelate complexes.[1]

We report herein on structure investigations of alkylaluminum compounds derived from methyl thiosalicylate. The structural analysis revealed that the intermolecular S···C( $\pi$ ) interaction between the Al–S thiolate units and the  $\pi$ -surface of the ester functionality can compete with the putative sulfur–aluminum hypercoordinate bond. Thus, in order to verify the significance of the M–S···C( $\pi$ ) interaction between the M–S–C thiolate sulfur and the carbonyl carbon atom as a novel intramolecular force, we have performed detailed structural analysis of intramolecular contacts for the various type of metal thiolate complexes retrieved from the Cambridge Structural Database.

[1] J. Lewiński, J. Zachara, K. B. Starowieyski, Z. Ochal, I. Justyniak, T. Kopec', P. Stolarzewicz, M. Dranka, *Organometallics*, **2003**, 22, 3773.